

statutes to give further protection to the right to vote and to add civil remedies in the Department of Justice for their enforcement; and fourth, amendment of other civil rights laws to include the addition of civil remedies in the Department of Justice for their enforcement.

I. Civil Rights Commission.

In recommending the creation of a bipartisan civil rights commission, President Eisenhower said in his State of the Union Message:

"It is disturbing that in some localities allegations persist that Negro citizens are being deprived of their right to vote and are likewise being subjected to unwarranted economic pressures. I recommend that the substance of these charges be thoroughly examined by a bipartisan commission created by the Congress."

A bill detailing the Commission proposal was submitted with my letters to the Speaker of the House and the President of the Senate. It provides that the Commission shall have six members, appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate. No more than three shall be from the same political party. The Commission shall be temporary, expiring two years from the effective date of the statute, unless extended by Congress. It will have authority to subpoena witnesses, take testimony under oath and request necessary

