

U.S. Army Unit Records, Book 3 (Boxes 490-747)

1st CAVALRY DIVISION, 1941 – 1949

4400 pages (approximate)

Boxes 490-495

The “First Team” Division was activated August 31, 1921, at Fort Bliss, Texas. After the outbreak of war in 1941, the 1st Cavalry Division was a part of the forces guarding the Mexican border. The Division arrived in Australia on July 11, 1943, and was in training until July 26, 1943, when it left for New Guinea to stage for the invasion of the Admiralty Islands in the Bismark Archipelago. The first combat for the Division came on February 29, 1944, when it landed on Los Negros Island in the Admiralty chain. After the Admiralty campaign the Division moved on to participate in the Philippine campaign, taking part in landings and combat on Leyte, Samar, and Luzon Islands. At the end of the war the Division formed part of the occupation forces in Japan and had the honor of being the first United States division to enter Tokyo. The Division was in Japan until it entered combat in Korea on July 18, 1950.

This series consists primarily of histories, reports, and journals. Four and one-half boxes of the series deal with the G-4 Section and the Division artillery. The G-4 records and the majority of the artillery records deal with the Admiralty Islands, Leyte-Samar, and Luzon campaigns. The remainder of the artillery records and much of the G-3 section records deal with the occupation of Japan. There are a number of interesting items, including reports on labor demonstrations, strikes, and rallies in 1948, reports on repatriation of Japanese from various places in the Pacific during 1945 and early 1946, and reports on the Division’s educational system. There are a number of good sketch histories of the various organic units of the Division in these folders. There is a limited amount of material dealing with the Division’s activities along the Mexican border in 1942. The majority of this material is G-2 section reports.

In many cases, the records in this series are arranged by topical case file. Several different kinds of records may be contained in a given case file. While the series is, in general, arranged according to the DRB classification scheme and chronologically thereunder, the integrity and order of the case files have been retained. The case files have not been rearranged or reordered.

CHRONOLOGY

August 31, 1921	The Division was activated at Fort Bliss, Texas
1941-mid 1943	The Division was part of the forces guarding the Mexican Border
July 11, 1943	The Division arrived in Australia for training.
July 26, 1943	The Division moved to New Guinea to stage for the Admiralty Island campaign.
February 29, 1944	The Division entered combat on Los Negros Island in the Admiralty chain.
April-May 1944	The Division took additional islands in the Admiralty chain.
October 20, 1944	The Division landed on Leyte Island in the Philippines.
October-Dec. 1944	The Division took Tacloban and its adjacent airstrip. The Division advanced along the north coast of Leyte and secured the Leyte Valley. Elements of the Division took and secured Samar Island.

January 1, 1945 The Division reached the west coast of Leyte.

January 27, 1945 The Division joined the invasion of Luzon Island in the Philippines, landing in the Lingayen Gulf area

February 3, 1945 The Division reached Manila. Liberated prisoners at Santo Tomas University.

February 20, 1945 After advancing beyond Manila, the Division was assigned the mission of seizing and securing crossings over the Marikina River and securing the Tagaytay-Antipolo Line.

March 12, 1945 The Division was relieved in the Antipolo area. Elements were sent into Batangas and Bicol Provinces to mop up remaining pockets of resistance.

July 1, 1945 Enemy resistance on Luzon was officially declared at an end.

August 25, 1945 The Division left Luzon to begin occupation duty in Japan.

September 2, 1945 The Division arrived in Yokohama.

September 8, 1945 The Division became the first United States Division to enter Tokyo

1945-1950 (approximate) The Division was on occupation duty in Japan.

DESCRIPTION OF SUBSERIES

Box 490 Subseries I: GENERAL HISTORICAL AND OPERATION REPORTS, 1942-1949. ½ container.

Histories, reports, photographs, and charts concerning the activities of the 1st Cavalry Division during World War II and the occupation of Japan. Arranged according to the DRB classification scheme and chronologically thereunder.

Box 490 Subseries II: G-2 REPORTS, 1942. ¼ container.

Periodic reports containing intelligence information gathered by the G-2 section during the 1st Cavalry Division's service along the Mexican Border.

Box 490-491 Subseries III: G-3 REPORTS, 1941-1949. ¾ container.

Operations reports concerning the actions of the G-3 section during the occupation of Japan and periodic reports from 1941 and 1946. Arranged according to the DRB classification scheme and chronologically thereunder.

Box 491-493 Subseries IV: G-4 REPORTS, 1944-1945. 2 3/8 containers.

Orders, journals and periodic reports concerning the activities of the G-4 section during the Admiralty Islands and Philippine campaigns. These records are arranged in chronological order according to specific case files.

Box 493-495 Subseries V: STAFF SECTION REPORTS. 1944-1949. 2 1/8 containers.

Unit histories, historical reports, and periodic reports concerning activities of the various staff sections during World War II and the occupation of Japan. All but three folders of this subseries deal with the Division Artillery. The Artillery records are contained for the most part in specific case files. Arranged according to the DRB classification scheme and chronologically thereunder.

CONTAINER LIST

Box Nos. Folder Title

490 SUBSERIES I: GENERAL HISTORICAL AND OPERATIONAL REPORTS.

1st Cavalry Division Out Cards

1st Cavalry Division History Files, 1945 (1)-(2)

1st Cavalry Division History Files, 1947

1st Cavalry Division History Files, 1948 (1) (2)

1st Cavalry Division History, 1948 (1)-(2)

1st Cavalry Division Consolidated Periodic Reports, 1942 (1)-(3)

1st Cavalry Division Photographs, 1942

1st Cavalry Division Training School Chart

1st Cavalry Division Prospectus for 1st Cavalry Division Association

SUBSERIES II: G-2 REPORTS

G-2 Periodic Reports 1942 (1)-(3)

SUBSERIES III: G-3 REPORTS

G-3 Operations Reports September 5, 1945-January 31, 1946 (1) (2).

491 G-3 Operations Reports, September 5, 1945-January 31, 1946 (3)

G-3 Operations Reports, February 1, 1946-March 12, 1949 (1)-(3)

G-3 Periodic Reports, August 1941

G-3 Periodic Reports, July 5, 1946

SUBSERIES IV: G-4 REPORTS

G-4 Activities in the Admiralty Islands, February 25-May 18, 1944 (1) [Situation Map Overlay May 18, 1944]

G-4 Activities in the Admiralty Islands, February 25-May 18, 1944 (2) [Situation Map Overlay May 18, 1944, Copy 2].

G-4 Activities in the Admiralty Islands, February 25, May 18, 1944 (3) [G-4 Administrative Orders]

G-4 Activities in the Admiralty Islands, February 25-May 18, 1944 (4) [G-4 Administrative Orders Copy 2]

G-4 Activities in the Admiralty Islands, February 25-May 18, 1944 (5)-(6) [G-4 Journal]

G-4 Activities in the Admiralty Islands, February 25-May 18, 1944 (7)-(8) [G-4 Journal, Copy 2]

G-4 Activities in the Admiralty Islands, February 25-May 18, 1944 (9) [G-4 Periodic Reports]

G-4 Activities in the Admiralty Islands, February 25-May 18, 1944 (10) [G-4 Periodic Reports, Copy 2]

G-4 Activities on Leyte Island During the Philippine Campaign, October 20-December 25, 1944 (1) [Situation Map Overlay December 25, 1944]

G-4 Activities on Leyte Island During the Philippine Campaign, October 20-December 25, 1944 (2) [G-4 Administrative Order October 1944]

492

G-4 Activities on Leyte Island During the Philippine Campaign, October 20-December 25, 1944 (3)-(4) [G-4 Journal]

G-4 Activities on Leyte Island During the Philippine Campaign, October 20-December 25, 1944 (5)-(7) [G-4 Periodic Reports]

G-4 Activities on Leyte Island During the Philippine Campaign, October 20-December 26, 1944-January 15, 1945 (1) [Situation Map Overlay Jan. 15, 1945]

G-4 Activities on Leyte Island During the Philippine Campaign, December 26, 1944-January 15, 1945 (2) [G-4 Journal]

G-4 Activities on Leyte Island During the Philippine Campaign, December 26, 1944-January 15, 1945 (3) [G-4 Periodic Reports]

G-4 Activities on Luzon Island During the Philippine Campaign During the Philippine Campaign, February 1-June 30, 1945 (1) [G-4 Journal]

G-4 Activities on Luzon Island During the Philippine Campaign During the Philippine Campaign, February 1-June 30, 1945 (2) [G-4 Journal, Copy 2]

G-4 Activities on Luzon Island During the Philippine Campaign During the Philippine Campaign, February 1-June 30, 1945 (3) [G-4 Administrative Orders]

G-4 Activities on Luzon Island During the Philippine Campaign During the Philippine Campaign, February 1-June 30, 1945 (4) [G-4 Administrative Orders, Copy 2]

G-4 Activities on Luzon Island During the Philippine Campaign During the Philippine Campaign, February 1-June 30, 1945 (5)-(7) [G-4 Periodic Reports]

493 G-4 Activities on Luzon Island During the Philippine Campaign During the Philippine Campaign February 1-June 30, 1945 (8)-(10) [G-4 Periodic Reports]

G-4 Activities on Luzon Island During the Philippine Campaign During the Philippine Campaign February 1-June 30, 1945 (11)-(16) [G-4 Periodic Reports, Copy 2]

SUBSERIED V: STAFF SECTION REPORTS

1st Cavalry Division Artillery Sketch Histories, 1945

1st Cavalry Division Artillery Unit Historical Reports, 1949

494 1st Cavalry Division Artillery Historical Report for the Admiralty Islands Campaign, 1944 (1)-(6)

1st Cavalry Division Artillery Historical Report for the Admiralty Island Campaign, 1944 [Copy 2]

1st Cavalry Division Artillery Historical Report for the Leyte-Samar Campaign, 1944

1st Cavalry Division Artillery Historical Report for the Luzon Campaign, 1945 (1)-(3)

495 1st Cavalry Division Artillery Historical Report for the Luzon Campaign, 1945 (4)-(5)

1st Cavalry Division Artillery Historical Report for the Luzon Campaign, 1945 [Copy 2] (1)-(5)

1st Cavalry Division Artillery S-2 Periodic Reports, 1948 (1)-(4)

1st Cavalry Division Headquarters Unit History, 1944-1945

1st Cavalry Division Headquarters Battery Unit History, 1948

1st Cavalry Division Military Police Platoon Unit History, 1944.

2nd CAVALRY REGIMENT (MECHANIZED). 1943.

25 pages

Box 496

The 2nd Cavalry Regiment (Mechanized) was organized in 1836 as the 2nd U.S. Dragoons under authority of an Act of Congress. By the time of the Civil War the unit had been redesignated the 2nd Cavalry. In 1943 the unit was again redesignated as the 2nd Cavalry (Mechanized) and activated as such on January 15, 1943. During World War II the regiment was on garrison duty in the United States.

This series consists of a history of the regiment from its organization in 1836 through the end of the World War I and nine general orders from 1943. The regimental history is of general historical interest. Of special interest in the general orders are two orders that contain details of daily procedures for the regiment to follow.

3rd CAVALRY REGIMENT. 1943-1950.

50 pages (approximate)

Box 496

The "Brave Rifles" Regiment was organized in 1846 as the Regiment of Mounted Rifles. In 1861 the regiment was redesignated the 3rd Cavalry. The regiment was inactivated in July of 1942, and its personnel and equipment were transferred to the 3rd Armored Regiment. For a short time the regiment was part of the 10th Armored Division. In November of 1943, the regiment was broken up and its elements were reorganized and redesignated 3rd Cavalry Group. The 3rd Cavalry Group served valiantly under General George Patton in the U.S. Third Army. In November of 1948, the regiment underwent another reorganization and redesignation, becoming the 3rd Armored Cavalry Regiment (Light).

The majority of the material in this series concerns the regiment when it was designated 3rd Cavalry Group. There are several items concerning some of the later reorganizations and redesignations the regiment went through. Additional material may be found under 3rd Cavalry Group and 3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron (Mechanized).

CONTAINER LIST

Box Nos. Folder Title

496	2nd Cavalry Regiment (Mechanized) History of 2nd U.S. Dragoons (2nd Cavalry)
	2nd Cavalry Regiment (Mechanized) General Orders, 1943
	3rd Cavalry Regiment Assorted Miscellaneous and Historical Material.

6th CAVALRY REGIMENT, 1941-1943

23 pages

Box 497

The "Fighting Sixth" Regiment was organized in June of 1861, as the 3rd Cavalry. It was redesignated 6th Cavalry in August of 1861. In July 1942, the regiment was redesignated 6th Cavalry Regiment (Mechanized). The regiment spent most of World War II at various posts in the southern United States. In January of 1944, the regiment was broken up and was reorganized and redesignated 6th Cavalry Group. May of 1946 saw the regiment converted to and redesignated as 6th Constabulary Regiment. In December of 1948, the regiment was converted to and redesignated as the 6th Armored Cavalry Regiment.

This series contains material from posts the regiment served at in Florida, Georgia, and Tennessee. The majority of the series consists of ninety-six (96) photographs depicting activities of the regiment during 1941-1943. The most interesting set of pictures show a river crossing exercise in 1941. The rest of the series consists of miscellaneous papers, most of them dealing with various photographic projects.

Additional material may be found under 6th Cavalry Group and 6th and 28th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadrons (Mechanized).

CONTAINER LIST

Box Nos. Folder Title

497 6th Cavalry Regiment Photographs and Miscellaneous Material 1941-1943.

4th CAVALRY GROUP (Mecz.), 1944-1946

1300 pages (approximate)

Boxes 526-527

The 4th Cavalry Group, which consisted of a headquarters unit, the 4th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron, and the 24th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron, saw service in the Ardennes-Alsace, Central Europe, Normandy, Northern France, and Rhineland campaigns. The 4th also performed occupational duties in Germany and Austria for several months.

The bulk of the material consists of S-3 reports, field orders, operations memos, journals, and map overlays. Also found in this series are S-3 periodic reports of the 4th and 24th Reconnaissance Squadrons, as well as unit reports of the 85th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron (which was briefly attached to the 4th during the Ardennes-Alsace campaign).

CONTAINER LIST

Box Nos. Folder Title

526 4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) Operational Reports, Nov. 1945
 4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) Operational Reports, Jan. 1946
 4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) Operational Reports, Feb. 1946
 4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Periodical Reports, Aug. 1944
 4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Periodical Reports, Sept. 1944
 4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Periodical Reports, Oct. 1944
 4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Periodical Reports, Nov. 1944
 4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Periodical Reports, Dec. 1944
 4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Periodical Reports, Jan. 1945

527 4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Periodical Reports, Feb. 1945
 4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Periodical Reports, Mar. 1945
 4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Periodical Reports, Apr. 1945

4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Periodical Reports, May 1945

4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Periodical Reports, Nov. 1945

4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Journal, July 1944

4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Journal, Jan.-Feb. 1945

4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Journal, Mar. 1945

4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Journal, Apr.-May 1945

4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Journal, Jan. 1946

4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) Field Orders, 1944 (1)-(3)

4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) Operations Memos, July 1944

4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) Operations Memos, Sept. 1944

4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) Operations Memos, Dec. 1944-Mar. 1945.

4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) Misc. Letters and Memos, 1944-1945

4th Cavalry Reconnaissance Sq., S-3 Periodic Reports, Dec. 1944

24th Cavalry Reconnaissance Sq. S-3 Periodic Reports, Dec. 1944

85th Cavalry Reconnaissance Sq. Units Reports, Dec. 1944

6th CAVALRY GROUP (Mecz.). 1944-1945

1200 pages (approximate)

Boxes 528-529

The 6th Cavalry Group saw action in the operations and engagements of the Ardennes-Alsace, Central Europe, Normandy, Northern France, and Rhineland campaigns. The Group consisted of a headquarters unit, the 6th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron, and the 28th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron. Prior to its reorganization and redesignation in January, 1944, the Group has been part of the 6th Cavalry Regiment.

The series contains general historical material about the group, including histories of the 6th Cavalry Regiment, as well as several items concerning the reorganization of the Regiment in to the 6th Cavalry Group. Included in the series are unit and periodical reports of the Group and its two reconnaissance squadrons. Documents pertaining to awards for the 1225th Engineer Combat Battalion and the 602nd Tank Destroyer Battalion (both of which were attached to the Group) are also in this series.

CONTAINER LIST

Box Nos. Folder Title

- 528 6th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) General History (1)-(3)
 VIII Corps G-3 Periodic Reports, May 1945
 VIII Corps G-3 Periodic Reports June, 1945 (1)-(2)
 VIII Corps G-2 and G-3 Papers (Misc.), 1945
 6th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-1, S-2, S-3 Reports, 1943-1944 (1)-(3)
 6th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Periodic Reports, Feb. 1945 (1)-(2)
 6th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Periodic Reports, Mar. 1945 (1)-(2)
 6th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Periodic Reports, Apr. 1945
 6th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Periodic Reports, May 1945
- 529 6th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) S-3 Periodic Reports, June-July 1945
 6th Cavalry Reconnaissance Sq. Unit Reports, Feb., 1945
 6th Cavalry Reconnaissance Sq. Unit Reports, Mar. 1945
 6th Cavalry Reconnaissance Sq. Unit Reports, Apr. 1945
 6th Cavalry Reconnaissance Sq. Unit Reports, May 1945
 28th Cavalry Reconnaissance Sq. Unit Reports, Feb. 1945
 28th Cavalry Reconnaissance Sq. Unit Reports, Mar. 1945
 28th Cavalry Reconnaissance Sq. Unit Reports, Apr. 1945
 6th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) Dental Service Reports Nov. 1943-Oct. 1944
 1225th Engineer Combat Battalion Awards, 1945
 602nd Tank Destroyer Battalion Awards, 1945

14th CAVALRY GROUP (Mecz.). 1943

2 pages
Box 529

The 14th Cavalry Group was organized at Fort Lewis, Wash., in 1943. In July, 1943, the 18th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron was attached to the Group, and in October, 1943, the 6th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron became an organic unit of the 14th. The Group saw service in the Ardennes-Alsace, Central Europe, and Rhineland campaigns. The only document in this series is an historical report for 1943 discussing the Group's organization and redesignation.

15th CAVALRY GROUP (Mecz.). 1944-1945

30 pages

Box 529

The 15th Cavalry Group originated as the 15th Cavalry Regiment in 1901. The Regiment was reactivated in 1942 at Fort Riley, Kansas, and upon arrival in England in 1944, the Regiment was reorganized into a headquarters unit and two reconnaissance squadrons, the 15th and the 17th. The Group saw action in the Normandy, Northern France, Central Europe, and Rhineland campaigns. The series contains a printed pamphlet "The Lion Rampant" which is a brief history of the combat operations of the 15th Cavalry Group in the European Theater.

16th Cavalry Group 1944-1946

150 pages (approximate)

Box 529

The 16th Cavalry Group, consisting of a headquarters unit and the 16th and 19th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadrons saw service in the Central Europe and Rhineland campaigns. It patrolled the U.S. sector of Berlin, and in November, 1945, was named "District Constabulary" for that sector.

CONTAINER LIST

Box Nos. Folder Title

529	4th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) General History 1943
	15th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) General History 1944-1945
	16th Cavalry Group General History Nov., 1944-Jan., 1946
	16th Cavalry Group Report of Operations Jan., 1946
	16th Cavalry Group Operations Instructions and Field Orders Mar, 1945
	16th Cavalry Group Operations Instructions and Field Orders Apr.-July, 1945

101st CAVALRY GROUP (Mecz.), 1943-1945

400 pages (approximate)

Box 530

The 101st Cavalry Group saw action in the operations and engagements of the Rhineland and Central Europe campaigns. The 101st entered combat in February 1945 and in March 1945 participated in an offensive which broke through the Siegfried Line.

The series contains the published official history of the 101st Cavalry Group's activities in Europe during World War II, historical materials covering the unit's history from 1889 to 1943, documents on the unit's cost of arms and insignia, and two folders of information on the changes of station of the 101st for January to September 1944. Of particular interest in this series are some of the letters and documents dealing with the unit's history and cost of arms. Many of these items are originals which date back to the 1920s.

102nd CAVALRY GROUP (Mecz.), 1942-1944

600 pages (approximate)

Box 530

The 102nd Cavalry Group—"Essex Horse"—began its military career as the 102nd Cavalry Regiment of Essex County, New Jersey, in 1756. The Regiment was inducted for service in World War II on January 6, 1941. It was reorganized into the 102 Cavalry Group (Mecz.) in October, 1942. The group saw action in the Ardennes-Alsace, Central Europe, Normandy, Northern France, and Rhineland campaigns.

Most of the general historical material in this series concerns the training of the 102nd Cavalry Group in England. The majority of the documents in the series are S-2 and S-3 reports which cover June through August, 1944. A G-3 reports covering May 1944 is also included.

106th CAVALRY GROUP (Mecz.), 1943-1945

15 pages

Box 530

The 106th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) participated in operations of the Normandy, Northern France, Rhineland, Ardennes-Alsace, and Central Europe campaigns during the 2nd World War. In addition, one of its units, E, took part in the New Guinea and Luzon campaigns in the Pacific theater.

The series contains only 15 pages of material (some of it original documents) about firing range procedures at Camp Livingston, Louisiana, in January 1943. A complaint made by an officer of the 106th was investigated and refuted by the range officer. This incident occurred while the 106th was on training exercises in Louisiana. The materials included both letters and memos, a firing bulletin for January 18-23, 1943, and a copy of firing range procedures.

CONTAINER LIST

Box Nos. Folder Title

530	Official History of 101st Cavalry Group [January-May 1945] <i>Wingfoot</i>
	101st Cavalry Group Official History, 1889 to 1943
	101st Cavalry Group Coat of Arms and Insignia
	101st Cavalry Group Changes of Station, January 10-June 22 1944
	101st Cavalry Group Changes of Station, June 24-September 6, 1944
	102nd Cavalry Group General History.
	102nd Cavalry Group S-2 Periodic Reports, Aug. 1-14, 1944
	102nd Cavalry Group S-2 Periodic Reports, June 10-July 29, 1944 (1) (2) (3).
	102nd Cavalry Group S-3 Periodic Reports, July 30-Aug. 14, 1944
	102nd Cavalry Group S-3 Periodic Reports, July 11-30, 1944 (1) (2) (3)

102nd Cavalry Group S-3 Periodic Reports, June 10-July 10, 1944 (1) (2)

102nd Cavalry Group G-3 Report, May 1944

106th Cavalry Group (Mecz.) Training-Firing Range Problems, January 1943.

107th CAVALRY GROUP (Mecz.), 1941-1945

350 pages (approximate)

Box 531

The 107th Cavalry Group was reorganized from the 107th Cavalry Regiment in January, 1944. It consisted of a headquarters unit, the 22nd Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron, and the 107th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron. The 107th Group Headquarters and the 22nd Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron were later deactivated, but the 107th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron served in the Central Europe, Northern France, and Rhineland campaigns.

Most of the information in this series concerns the 107th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron while it was attached to the 107th Group. The series contains general historical material about the 107th Group, a unit history of the 107th Reconnaissance Squadron, and a diary which covers the Group's activities while it was a part of the Western Defense Command in Northern California. For additional information, see the 107th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron.

113th CAVALRY GROUP (Mecz.), 1940-1945

450 pages (approximate)

Box 531

The 113th Cavalry Group, or the Red Horse Cavalry, as it was known from its coat of arms, started its military career as the Iowa National Guard Cavalry in 1915, and saw service as a machine-gun unit. The group was again called into action in January, 1941. In August 1943, the 113th became a Corps Reconnaissance Regiment for the Third Armored Corps, and in 1944 it was reorganized into a headquarters unit and two mechanized reconnaissance squadrons, the 113th and the 125th. The Red Horse Cavalry was primarily intended for long-distance mounted reconnaissance, and saw action in the Normandy, Northern France, Rhineland, and Central Europe campaigns.

The series contains general historical material about the 113th Cavalry Group, after-action reports, and papers concerning the reorganization of the group. In addition, there is a printed pamphlet, "The Saga of the Red Horse", and letters pertaining to it. There is also a pictorial history which contains several photos of the 113th Cavalry Group.

Included in this series are several items dealing with the training and war-time activities of the 113th Cavalry Group. Among these materials is a pamphlet "Roster of Officers of the Illinois National Guard and Illinois Naval Militia". Of special interest are several photos of the 113th which were included in the pictorial history mentioned above.

1st CAVALRY RECONNAISSANCE TROOP, 1940-1941

35 pages (approximate)

Box 531

Formerly a part of the 3rd Cavalry Group, the 1st Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop was also known as the "Suicide Troop" and the "Blitzkrieg Boys". The 1st Reconnaissance Troop was a component of the 1st Infantry Division, which saw action in the Algeria-French Morocco, Tunisia, Sicily, Normandy, Northern France, Rhineland, Ardennes-Alsace, and Central Europe campaigns.

The series consists of a historical record of the activities of the 1st Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop while it was at Fort Devens, Massachusetts in 1941. The record contains photographs and news clippings. For additional information see the 1st Infantry Division.

4th ARMORED CAVALRY BATTALION, 1948

10 pages (approximate)

Box 531

The 6th Armored Cavalry Battalion originated from the 6th Cavalry Group. In July 1946, it was redesignated the 6th Constabulary Regiment.

This series contains the annual Historical Report for 1948, which describes the activities of the Regiment in Germany. Also included are photographs of personnel.

CONTAINER LIST

<u>Box No.</u>	<u>Folder Title</u>
531	107th Cavalry Group General History, 1941-1943
	107th Cavalry Group Diary, May 1941-Oct. 1943 (1)-(2)
	107th Cavalry Group Assignments, June-July 1944
	107th Cavalry Group Unit History, 1944
	107th Cav. Rcn. Squadron Unit History, 1945
	113th Cavalry (Mecz.) General History, 1940 (1)-(2)
	113th Cavalry (Mecz.) General History, 1941-1943
	Roster of Officers of the Illinois National Guard, 1940
	113th Cavalry Group General Military History, 1941-1943
	113th Cavalry Group General Military History, 1944-1945 (1) (2)
	113th Cavalry Group Unit Annual History, 1944
	113th Cavalry Group After Action Reports, Aug. 1944-Dec. 1944.

113th Cavalry Group After Action Reports, Jan.-Feb. 1945

113th Cavalry Group Reorganization and Redesignation 1942-1944

Saga of the Red Horse, 1945

Pictorial History

1st Cavalry Reconnaissance Historical Record, 1940-1941

6th Armored Cavalry Battalion Annual Historical Report ,1948

3rd PROVISIONAL RECONNAISSANCE SQUADRON

150 pages (approximate)

Box 532

The 3rd Provisional Reconnaissance Squadron was attached to the 3rd Infantry Division. It participated in the Southern France campaign. The series is comprised of unit journals which cover from August 15 to October, 1944.

3rd CAVALRY RECONNAISSANCE TROOP

700 pages (approximate)

Box 532

The 3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop was attached to the 3rd Infantry Division, which was the only American Division which fought the Nazi on all fronts. The Troop participated in the Tunisia, Sicily, Naples-Foggia, Rome-Arno, South France, Rhineland, and Central Europe campaigns.

The series is mostly comprised of journals and periodic reports of the S-2 and S-3 sections, which give excellent descriptions of the Troop's operations from 1943 through 1945. The material is arranged according to the DRB classification scheme and chronologically thereunder.

CONTAINER LIST

<u>Box Nos.</u>	<u>Folder Title</u>
532	3rd Provisional Reconnaissance Squadron Unit Journal, August 15-September 1, 1944
	3rd Provisional Reconnaissance Squadron Unit Journal, September 1944
	3rd Provisional Reconnaissance Squadron Unit Journal, September 1944 [copy]
	3rd Provisional Reconnaissance Squadron Unit Journal, October 1944
	3rd Infantry Division Operations Report March 1944
	3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop Unit History, Jan.-Nov. 1946
	3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop Unit Journal, Sept. 1943

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop Unit Journal, Oct. 1943

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop Unit Journal, Nov. 1943

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop Unit Journal, Jan. 1944

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop Unit Journal, Feb. 1944

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop Unit Journal, Apr. 1944

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop Unit Journal, May 1944

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-2 Periodic Report, Aug. 1945

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-2 Periodic Report, Sept. 1945

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-2 Periodic Report, Oct. 1945

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-2 Periodic Report, Nov. 1945

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-2 Periodic Report Dec., 1945

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Operations Report, July-Aug. 1943

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Operations Report, Sept.- Nov. 1943

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Operations Report, Feb. – Apr. 1944

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Operations Report, May-June 1944

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Operations Report, Aug.-Sept. 1944

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Operations Report, Nov.-Dec. 1944

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Operations Report, Jan.-Mar. 1945

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Operations Report, May-Sept. 1945

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Operations Report, Oct.-Dec. 1945

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Operations Report, Jan.-Mar. 1946

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Periodic Report, Nov. 1944

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Periodic Report, Dec. 1944

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Periodic Report, July 1945

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Periodic Report, Aug. 1945

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Periodic Report, Sept. 1945

3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Periodic Report, Oct. 1945
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Periodic Report, Nov. 1945
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-3 Periodic Report, Dec. 1945
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-2-3 Periodic Report, Dec. 1944
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-2-3 Periodic Report, Jan. 1945
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-2-3 Periodic Report, Feb. 1945
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-2-3 Periodic Report, Mar. 1945
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-2-3 Periodic Report, Apr. 1945
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-2-3 Periodic Report, May 1945
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop S-2-3 Periodic Report, June-July 1945
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop Message Center Journal, Sept. 1943
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop Message Center Journal, Oct. 1943
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop Message Center Journal, Nov. 1943
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop Misc. Plans and Instructions, Dec. 1945
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop Misc. Plans and Instructions, Aug. 1945
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop Testimonies Concerning October 4, 1943
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Patrol Reports, 1944
3rd Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop Public Relations Material, 1940-1941

36TH MECHANIZED CAVALRY RECONNAISSANCE TROOP, 1945

10 pages
Box 536

The 36th Mechanized Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop was an organic unit of the 36th Infantry Division. This Division was activated in 1940 and sent overseas in April 1943. It participated in campaigns in Italy, France and Germany. After the end of the war the Division was on occupation duty in Germany for several months before returning to the United States in December 1945.

The records of the 36th Mechanized Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop consist of two historical reports which describe its activities while on occupation duty in Germany during September and October 1945. The material contains no information on its combat activities during the war. For further information on the history of the 36th Mechanized Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop, see the records of the 36th Infantry Division.

CONTAINER LIST

Box No. Folder Title

536 36th Cav. Rcn. Troop Operations in Germany, Sept. – Oct. 1945

4th CAVALRY RECONNAISSANCE SQUADRON, 1944-1945

250 pages (approximate)

Box 540

The 4th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron landed in France on D-Day, June 6, 1944. It spent the remainder of World War II fighting in the Normandy, Northern France, Rhineland, Ardennes-Alsace and Central Europe campaigns. During much of its service in Europe the Squadron was attached to the 4th Cavalry Group.

The records of the Squadron consist of two types of files. The first is a set of after action reports which provide a detailed account of the Squadron's activities from its landing in Normandy to the end of 1944. The second set of files contains field orders, operations memoranda and map overlays which describe the movements of the Squadron. This material is very fragmentary. It does not give a complete account of the Squadron's travels and does not cover its entire service in Europe.

CONTAINER LIST

Box No. Folder Titles

540 4th Cav Rcn. Sq. After Action Reports, June-Dec. 1944 (1)-(4)

4th Cav. Rcn. Sq. Current Operations, October 1944.

4th Cav. Rcn. Sq. Current Operations, February 15-28, 1945

4th Cav. Rcn. Sq. Current Operations, March 1-7, 1945

4th Cav. Rcn. Sq. Current Operations, April 1945

4th Cav. Rcn. Sq. Current Operations, May 1945

89th CAVALRY RECONNAISSANCE SQUADRON (MECHANIZED), 1944-1945

28 pages

Box 547

The 89th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron was an organic unit of the 9th Armored Division. This Division was sent to France in September 1944 and entered combat in October along the border of Luxemborg and Germany. During the rest of the war the Division participated in the Rhineland, Ardennes-Alsace and Central Europe campaigns. The Division experienced heavy fighting during the Battle of the Bulge in December 1944. In March 1945 it captured the Ludendorff Bridge at Remagen, the only remaining bridge across the Rhine.

The records of the 89th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron consist of three historical reports. Two of the reports give a brief summary of the activities of the Squadron from June 1944 to October 1945. The third report gives a detailed account of the activities of the Squadron during the last ten days of October 1944. For further information on the history of the 89th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron, see the records of the 9th Armored Division.

CONTAINER LIST

Box No. Folder Title

547 89 Cav. Rcn. Sq. History, 1944-1945

113th CAVALRY RECONNAISSANCE SQUADRON

40 pages
Box 549

The 113th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron became a part of the 113th Cavalry Group in February, 1944. The Squadron landed at Formigny, France on July 3, 1944, and participated in the Normandy, Central Europe, Rhineland, and Northern France campaigns.

The series contains a printed history of the activities of Troop B of the 113th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron from July, 1944 to May 1945. Included in the publication are the names and addresses of the members of the troop. A periodic report from the medical detachment is also found in the series.

For additional information, see the 113th Cavalry Group.

CONTAINER LIST

Box No. Folder Title

549 113th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron Troop B "From England to the Elbe",
July, 1944-May, 1945

113th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron Medical Detachment Periodic Report, Jan.-June
1945

117th CAVALRY RECONNAISSANCE SQUADRON, 1944-1945

1,300 pages (approximate)
Boxes 549-550

The 2nd Squadron of the 117th Cavalry was reorganized on November 30, 1943 as the 117th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron. The unit landed in Algiers in December, 1942 and participated in the North Africa, Naples-Foggia, and Rome-Arno campaigns. The unit was also involved in occupation duties following the war in the area of Frankfurt, Germany

The series primarily contains G-2, S-3, and G-3 reports covering the period from December, 1944 to September, 1945. A detailed roster of unit personnel for May, 1944 is also included.

CONTAINER LIST

<u>Box No.</u>	<u>Folder Title</u>
549	Report re Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadrons, July 11, 1944
	117th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron History, May-June 1945
	Troop Roster (of ship passengers), May 1944 (1)-(3)
	G-2 Periodic Reports (79th Inf. Div.), December 1944
	G-2 Periodic Reports (VI Corps), February 1945
	G-2 Periodic Reports (VI Corps), April 1945 (1)-(2)
	S-3 Periodic Reports of Italian Operations May 24 – June 29, 1944.
	S-3 Periodic Reports, December 1944
	S-3 Periodic Reports, January 1945
	S-3 Periodic Reports, February 1945
	S-3 Periodic Reports, March-April 1945
	S-3 Periodic Reports, May 1945
	S-3 Periodic Reports, June 1945
550	S-3 Periodic Reports, July 1945
	S-3 Periodic Reports, August 1945
	S-3 Periodic Reports, September 1945
	S-3 Periodic Reports, October-November 1945
	G-3 Reports (VI Corps), December 1944 (1)-(2)
	G-3 Reports (VI Corps), January 1945 (1)-(3)
	G-3 Reports (VI Corps), February 1945

125th CAVALRY RECONNAISSANCE SQUADRON (Mecz.)

4 pages

Box 551

The 125th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron became a part of the 113th Cavalry Group on February 6, 1944. After the Squadron's initial landing at Omaha Beach on July 1, 1944, the 125th participated in the

Normandy, Northern France, Rhineland, and Central Europe campaigns. The 125th was the first unit to make contact with the Russians for the 9th Army on April 30, 1945.

The series contains a printed history, "From Hedgerow to Russians", which chronicles the 125th's trip across Europe. Also included in the series is a periodic report from the medical detachment.

For additional information, see the 113th Cavalry Group.

CONTAINER LIST

<u>Box No.</u>	<u>Folder Title</u>
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551	125th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron "From Hedgerow to Russians", July 1944-April 1945
	125th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron Medical Detachment Periodic Report, January-June 1945

CONTAINER LIST

<u>Box No.</u>	<u>Folder Title</u>
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556	5220th ENGINEER CONSTRUCTION BRIDGE
	Historical Report [October 1945]
	S-1 Periodic Report [Sept. 29-Nov. 10, 1945]
	S-2 Periodic Report [Sept. 2-Nov. 10, 1945]
	S-3 Periodic Report [Sept. 2-Nov. 10, 1945]
	S-4 Periodic Report [Sept. 1-Nov. 10, 1945]
	Headquarters Co. Periodic Report [Sept. 1-Nov. 10, 1945]
	Policy File (1)-(2) [August-October 1945]
	5221st ENGINEER CONSTRUCTION BRIGADE
	Historical Report [July 1945 – January 1946]
	5223rd ENGINEER CONSTRUCTION BRIGADE
	Historical Report (1945-1946) (1)-(2)
	PROVISIONAL ENGINEER SPECIAL BRIGADE
	Miscellaneous Reports (1)-(2) [1944]
	Field Orders [May 1944]

43rd ENGINEER CONSTRUCTION BATTALION, 1944-1945

20 pages

Box 574

The 43rd Engineer Construction Battalion was deployed to the Pacific Theater in World War II. The records for this unit are sparse, consisting of a memo regarding the January 1945 medical detachment report and a report on the rehabilitation of the South Pitoe Runway, Morotai, Dutch East Indies. Photographs have been transferred to the audio-visual department.

44th ENGINEER COMBAT BATTALION, 1942-1945

140 pages (approximate)

Box 574

This series documents the battalion's participation in the European Theater, including a detailed report of the Rhine River crossing. Documents in this series include a unit history, after action reports, and a report on the reconstruction of a bridge near the village of Ville-du-Bois, France.

46th ENGINEER CONSTRUCTION BATTALION, 1942-1945

360 pages (approximate)

Box 574

The 46th Engineer Construction Battalion was originally organized at Camp Sheridan, Alabama as the 46 Engineer Railway Maintenance-of-Way Battalion in March 1918 and redesignated the 46th Regiment, Transportation Corps in September after arriving in France. The unit was deactivated was inactivated in July 1919 and demobilized in October 1933.

The unit was reactivated as the 46th Engineer General Service Regiment in July 1941 and participated in the Third Army Maneuvers in Louisiana. Departing for the Pacific Theater in January 1942, the unit arrived for training in Australia. It was reorganized as the 46th Engineer Construction Battalion on April 11, 1944. Beginning in July 1942 engaged in operations in New Guinea and the Philippines and the post-war occupation of Japan.

Documents in this series include historical narratives and reports on heavy equipment operations.

CONTAINER LIST

Box No. Folder Title

574 43rd ENGINEER CONSTRUCTION BATTALION

43rd Engineer Construction Battalion Medical Detachment

43rd Engineer Construction Battalion Photographs of New Guinea

43rd Engineer Construction Battalion Rehabilitation of South Pitoe Runway

44TH ENGINEER COMBAT BATTALION

44th Engineer Combat Battalion Unit History

44th Engineer Combat Battalion After Action Reports, December 1944-May 1945

44th Engineer Combat Battalion Reports of Minefields

44th Engineer Combat Battalion Report on Rhine River Crossing

44th Engineer Combat Battalion Messages and Message Log, June 1945

44th Engineer Combat Battalion Bridge Report, Ville-du-Bois, St. Vith-Vielsalm Highway

46TH ENGINEER CONSTRUCTION BATTALION

46th Engineer Construction Battalion Unit History (1)-(2)

The History of the 46th Engineer Construction Battalion, 1944

The History of the 46th Engineer Construction Battalion, 1945

46th Engineer Construction Battalion Report on Heavy Equipment

46th Engineer Construction Battalion Monthly Historical Summary, 1945 (1)-(2)

47th ENGINEER CONSTRUCTION BATTALION, 1944-1946

52 pages

Box 575

The 47th Engineer Construction Battalion was deployed to the Pacific Theater in World War II. This series contains narrative historical records covering the activities of the unit from their arrival on Saipan in June 1946 through occupation duties in Japan.

48th ENGINEER COMBAT BATTALION, 1944-1945

70 pages

Box 575

The 48th Engineer Combat Battalion participated in campaigns in Italy and Southern France. Documents in this series include narrative histories and a medical detachment report.

49th ENGINEER COMBAT BATTALION, 1943-1945

85 pages (approximate)

Box 575

The 49th Engineer Combat Battalion took part in the Normandy Invasion and Ardennes campaign. Documents in this series include list of awards and commendations and after action reports for 1945. There are no operational reports or documents relating to the landings at Normandy.

51st ENGINEER COMBAT BATTALION, 1944

4 pages

Box 575

Documents in this series include only an incomplete after action report for August 1944.

53rd ARMORED ENGINEER BATTALION, 1942, 1945

44 pages (approximate)

Box 575

Documents in this series include a history of the battalion insignia and after action reports for March-May, 1945

55th ARMORED ENGINEER BATTALION, 1942-1945

100 pages (approximate)

Box 575

The 55th Armored Engineer Battalion was activated on July 15, 1942 and saw action in the European Theater in World War II. Documents in this series include a unit history, after action reports for 1945 and S-3 daily situation reports for part of May, 1945

CONTAINER LIST

Box No. Folder Title

575 47th ENGINEER CONSTRUCTION BATTALION

47th Engineer Construction Battalion Historical Record

48th ENGINEER COMBAT BATTALION

48th Engineer Combat Battalion Unit History, May 1944-March 1945

48th Engineer Combat Battalion Unit History, March 1-May 10, 1945

48th Engineer Combat Battalion Unit History, May 11-July 31, 1945

48th Engineer Combat Battalion Medical Detachment Report

49th ENGINEER COMBAT BATTALION

49th Engineer Combat Battalion Unit History

49th Engineer Combat Battalion After Action Reports, January, March-May, 1945

51st ENGINEER COMBAT BATTALION

51st Engineer Combat Battalion After Action Report, August 1944

53rd ARMORED ENGINEER BATTALION

53rd Armored Engineer Battalion After Action Reports, March-May 1945

53rd Armored Engineer Battalion History of Battalion Insignia

55th ARMORED ENGINEER BATTALION

55th Armored Engineer Battalion Unit History

55th Armored Engineer Battalion After Action Reports, January-February, April-May, 1945

55th Armored Engineer Battalion S-3 Daily Situation Reports May 11-31, 1945

111TH ENGINEER COMBAT BATTALION, 1940-1945

81 pages
Box 593

The 111th Engineer Combat Battalion was an organic unit of the 36th Infantry Division. This Division was activated in 1943 and was sent overseas in April 1943. It participated in campaigns in Italy, France and Germany. After the end of the war the Division was on occupation duty in Germany for several months before returning to the United States in December 1945.

The records of the 111th Engineer Combat Battalion consist of two historical reports which describe the activities while on occupation only in May and September 1945. The records also contain rosters of officers and enlisted men who participated in Battalion activities. The material contains no narrative information on the combat activities of the Battalion during the war. For further information on the history of the Battalion, see the records of the 36th Infantry Division.

CONTAINER LIST

<u>Box No.</u>	<u>Folder Title</u>
593	111 Engr. Combat Battalion Operations in Germany and Austria, May 11-31, 1945
	111 Engr. Combat Battalion Operations in Germany Sept. 1945
	Officers assigned since November 25, 1940
	Roster of Men Recommended for 36th Inf. Div. Blue Star Award January 1944
	Roster of Personnel who landed on D-Day in invasion of South France, 15 August 1944.

326th AIRBORNE ENGINEER BATTALION, 1942-1945

800 pages
Box 653

The 326th Airborne Engineer Battalion was activated at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana on August 16, 1942, and assigned to the 101st Airborne Division on that date. The unit has the distinction of being one of the first two airborne engineer battalions activated in the history of the United States Army. The Battalion arrived in England October 18, 1943, and as an organic unit of the 101st participated in numerous engagements through the remainder of the war in Europe, including the Normandy, Central Europe,

Rhineland, and Ardennes-Alsace campaigns. The unit was inactivated while in Europe, along with the remainder of the 101st, on November 30, 1945.

The records of the 326th consist of after action reports, map overlays, narratives, and histories of the unit's activities during and after W.W. II from August 1942 through November 1945. The material is chronologically arranged.

CONTAINER LIST

<u>Box No.</u>	<u>Folder Title</u>
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653	Organization [History] of 326th Airborne Engineer Battalion, August 16, 1942 – September 30, 1945
	326th Airborne Engineer Battalion Miscellaneous Historical Reports, August 6, 1942 – November 26, 1945
	326th Airborne Engineer Battalion History, February-November 1944
	326th Airborne Engineer Battalion Operational Information, June 1944
	326th Airborne Engineer Battalion Report of Tactical Operations, Sept. 28-Nov. 16, 1944
	326th Airborne Engineer Battalion History, Dec. 18 1944 – Feb. 28 1945
	326th Airborne Engineer Battalion After Action Report, December 1944
	326th Airborne Engineer Battalion After Action Report, January 1945
	326th Airborne Engineer Battalion After Action Report, February 1945
	326th Airborne Engineer Battalion History, March 1945
	326th Airborne Engineer Battalion After Action Report, April 1945
	326th Airborne Engineer Battalion After Action Report, May 1945
	326th Airborne Engineer Battalion Unit History – Narrative, June 1945
	326th Airborne Engineer Battalion Narrative of [nit] Activities, July 1945
	326th Airborne Engineer Battalion Narrative of [unit] Activities, August 1945
	326th Airborne Engineer Battalion Narrative of [unit] Activities, September 1945
	326th Airborne Engineer Battalion Narrative of [unit] Activities, October 1945

AMERICAL [23RD INFANTRY] DIVISION

CONTAINER LIST

Box No. Folder Title

747 Americal Division, Report of Operations, Quartermaster, 26 March 1945 to 20 June 1945
 Americal Division, Blacklist Operation Report, 1 October 1945 to 3 November 1945
 Americal Division, Signal Officers Report, Philippine Liberation, March-June 1945
 Americal Division, Headquarters Company History, 10/44 to 12/44
 Americal Division, Headquarters Company History, 10/43 to 12/43
 Americal Division, Historical Data, HQ Co., 1/42 to 6/43